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Student Support for Higher Education in England 2018: 2017/18 Payments, 2018/19 Awards

Introduction

This statistics publication presents figures on the student support awarded to applicants and paid to students or their Higher Education Provider. It shows payment figures for the seven academic years up and including 2017/18. Section 7 gives an early indication of student counts and amounts paid for new policy products.

The publication covers applicants and students domiciled in England taking a designated Higher Education (HE) course at a University, Further Education (FE) College or Alternative Provider in the UK, as well as applicants and students domiciled in the EU (outside UK) taking a designated course in England.

Key Points

Academic Year 2017/18



The total number of students supported has increased from 1.29 million in academic year 2016/17, to 1.33 million in 2017/18. The amount of support has increased from £15.5 billion to £16.3 billion (Table 2).



In academic year 2017/18 Tuition Fee Loans were paid to HE institutions on behalf of 1.07 million full time students, which amounted to £8.9 billion. In comparison to 2016/17, this is an increase of 36,700 students and £397.6m (Table 3B(i)).



£580 million was awarded in total in Maintenance and Special Support Grants in 2017/18, a decrease of 45% from the previous year (Table 4A(i)).



1.03 million full time students borrowed £5.6 billion in Maintenance Loans in academic year 2017/18, an increase of 18% from the amount paid at the same point in 2016/17. On average, students took out an income contingent Maintenance Loan worth £5,490 in 2017/18, compared to £4,730 at the same point in 2016/17 (Table 3A(i)).

The 2017/18 payments are not yet final and will be revised in next year's publication. This is partly due to the alternative provider subset being subject to significant movement due to later course start dates.

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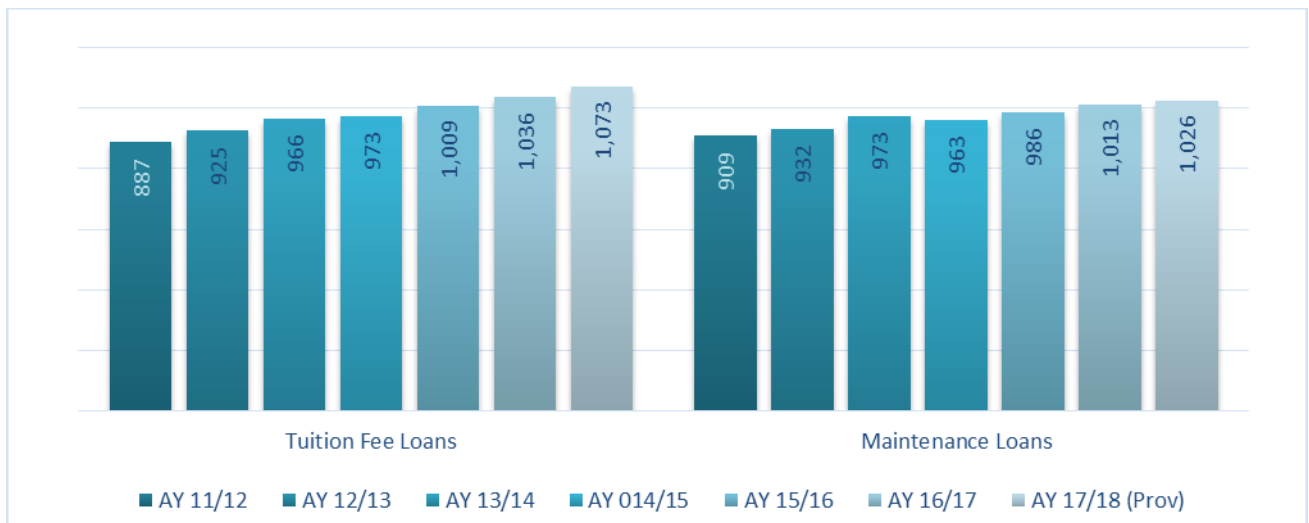
Definitions

Term	Definition
Alternative Provider	An Alternative Provider is any provider of higher education courses which is not in direct receipt of recurrent funding from the Higher Education Funding Council for England (HEFCE) or from equivalent bodies in the Devolved Administrations; or does not receive direct recurrent public funding (for example, from a local authority, or from the Secretary of State for Education); and is not a further education college. Only providers with courses designated for student support are included in the statistics.
Applicant	This is a person applying for student support. Not all applicants take up a place. Applicants become students once they take up a place and the SLC has received a confirmation of their attendance.
Award	If an applicant for student finance is assessed as meeting the eligibility criteria as stipulated within the student finance regulations then they will be awarded student support. Awards will be paid on condition that the applicant subsequently attends the Higher Education Provider at which point they will be considered a student and payments will be released according to the payment schedule for the support types awarded.
Country of Study	The country in which the HE Provider is located at which the applicant intends to / is studying at.
Domiciled	The country in which the applicant was normally resident in the three years prior to the start of the course. This publication covers those students domiciled in England who study anywhere in the UK and EU (outside UK) students studying in England.
Estimated Eligible Population	The numbers of students that are eligible to apply for student finance including those who do not apply. Figures for the estimated eligible population are supplied by the Department for Education (DfE). DfE use data from the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) and other sources with the closest approximation of eligibility criteria available from those sources.
Entry Cohort	Grouping of applicants according to the Education (Student Support) Regulations against which the applicant was assessed for support. Student finance applicants are generally covered by transitional protection which means they continue to be assessed against the regulations in place for their first year of study, but this is not always the case.
Fee Waiver	A discount to tuition fees applied at the HE Provider's discretion. Fee waivers may not be applied and therefore reflected in the Tuition Fee Loan statistics until late in the academic year, depending on each HE Provider's arrangements.
Final Figures	The final position refers to statistics in a steady state. Final figures are not expected to change significantly and should represent the final outcome.

Full Time	This refers to the mode of study for which student support is being paid, primarily to undergraduate students. For the purposes of this publication, the full time data also includes part time and flexible ITT students who started their courses before 2010/11, as these students were also eligible for full time student support. Students starting the same courses after 2010/11 are not included.
Full Year Maintenance Loan	The amount of Maintenance Loan available to students varies between those studying in their final year and those studying in an earlier year of their course. Students in their final year will be entitled to a reduced amount to reflect the reduced length of time in attendance at their university over which maintenance support is required.
Higher Education Provider	For the purpose of this publication it is an organisation designated for student support and can include Universities which receive the bulk of their funding from public sources, Further Education Colleges, and Alternative Providers.
Level of Support	Identifies if the applicant was awarded the full level of means tested grant, the partial level or no grant at all.
Maintenance Loan Rate	Applicants are entitled to a different amount of Maintenance Loans depending on their term-time residence. Rates differ for applicants living at home, in London or elsewhere (excluding London).
Provisional Figures	These are figures based on the status of applications processed by Mid-November (two months into the academic year).
Public Provider	A Public Provider is any provider of higher education courses which is in direct receipt of recurrent funding from HEFCE or from equivalent bodies in the Devolved Administrations; or in receipt of direct recurrent public funding (for example, from a local authority, or from the Secretary of State for Education); or is a further education college. Only providers with courses designated for student support are included in the statistics.
Residual Income	This is the income associated with the household where the applicant normally resides. It comprises of the taxable earned and unearned incomes of the applicant or those of the applicants parents' minus any allowable deductions.
Student	For the purpose of this publication, an applicant for student support becomes a student once the Student Loans Company has received confirmation that the person is attending a course with a Higher Education Provider. Not all applicants take up a place.
Student Support Arrangement	This is the arrangement available at the time of the application for support. It includes the range of support available, the eligibility rules and the income thresholds.
Take-up rate	The rate of which the Eligible Population chooses to apply for a Student Loan.
Targeted Support	These are grants and allowances provided to students meeting specific circumstances. Targeted support includes Disabled Students Allowance (DSA), Travel Grant, Parental Learning Allowance, Childcare Grant and Adult Dependents Grant. DSA figures are presented separately from the Other Targeted Support products in the publication.

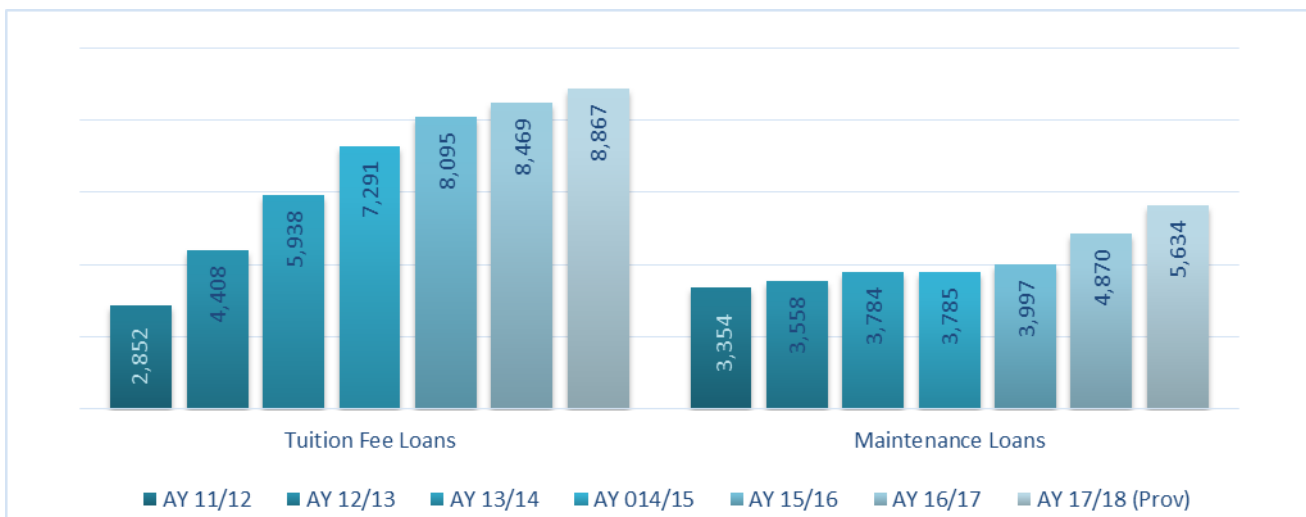
Statistical Commentary

Chart 1a: Full Time Undergraduate Loans - Number of Awards (000's) by Academic Year



This charts shows the number of awards for all successful applications for Full Time Higher Education loans from applicants domiciled in England. See Table 2.

Chart 1b: Full Time Undergraduate Loans - Amount of support awarded (£m) by Academic Year



This chart highlights the increase in the amount of loans awarded to full time Undergraduates over the past seven academic years which is a result of the shifting of the student body from the pre 2012/13 to the post 2012/13 fee system. See Table 2.

Chart 2a: Full Time Undergraduate Grants & Allowances - Number of Awards (000's) by Academic Year

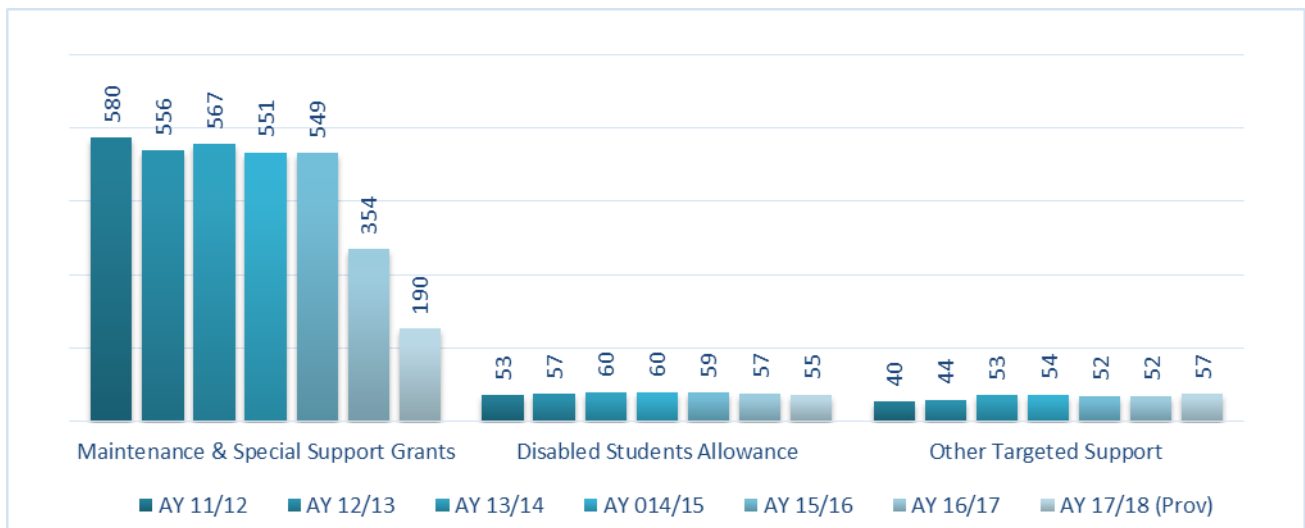
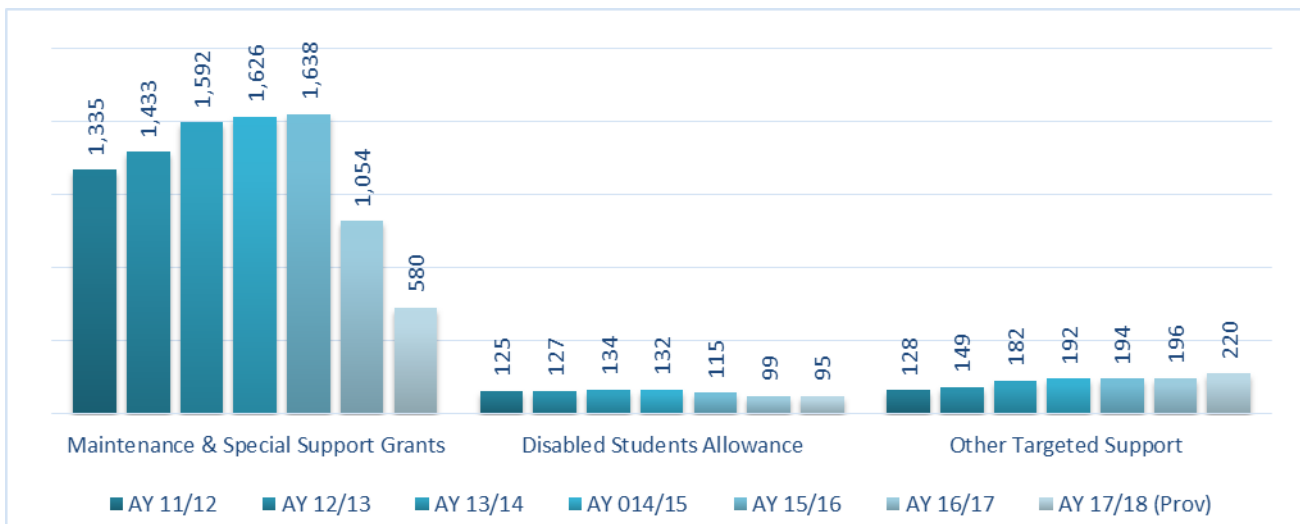


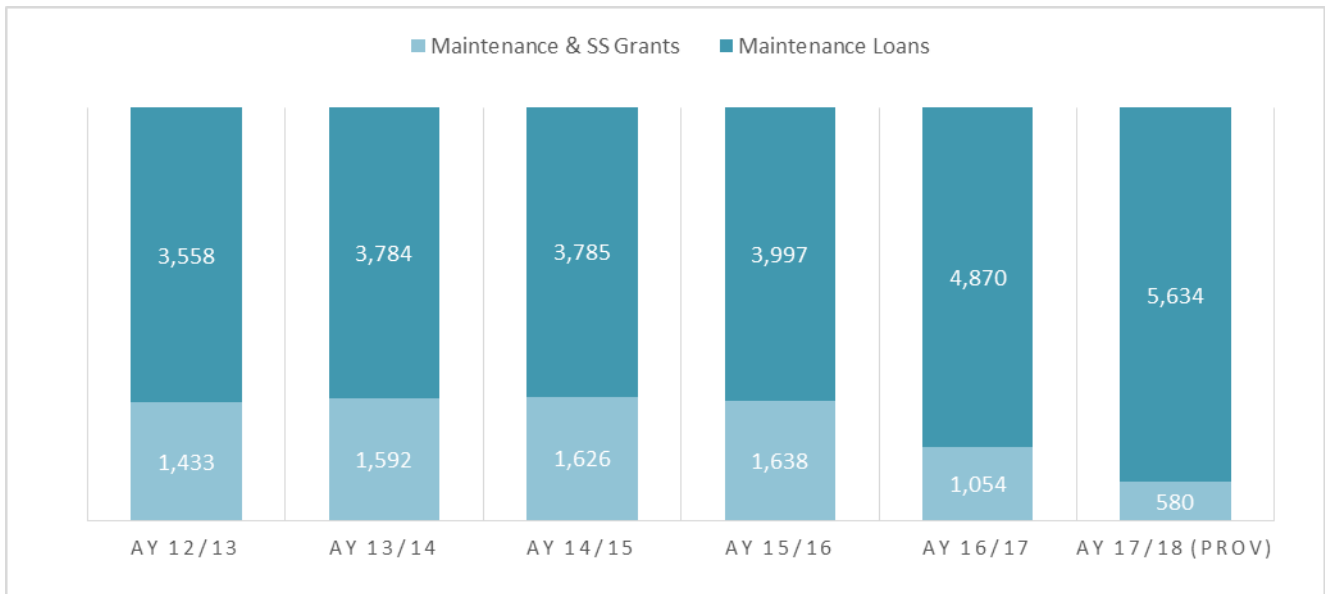
Chart 2a shows the number of awards for all successful applications for Full Time Higher Education grant support from applicants domiciled in England. See Table 2.

Chart 2b: Full Time Undergraduate Grants & Allowances - Amount of support awarded (£m) by Academic Year



This chart highlights the decrease in the amount of full time maintenance grant support paid, following the discontinuation of Maintenance Grants. 'Other Targeted Support' for full time students has steadily increased over the last seven years whereas full time DSA started to decrease in 2013/14. See Table 2.

Chart 2c: Proportion of Full Time Maintenance Loans Vs. Full Time Maintenance Grants – Amount of support awarded (£m)



This chart shows the discontinuation of maintenance grants and being replaced by increased levels of maintenance loans for English domiciled students from 2016/17 onwards. Table 3A (i) and Table 4A (i)

Chart 3a: Part Time Undergraduate Loans, Grants & Allowances - Number of Awards (000's) by Academic Year

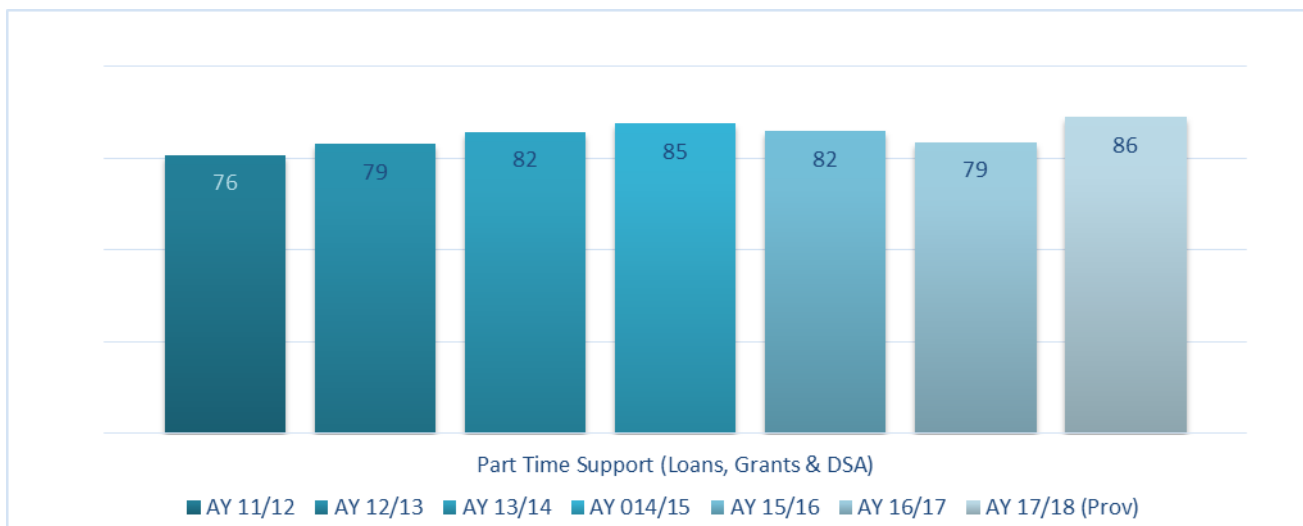
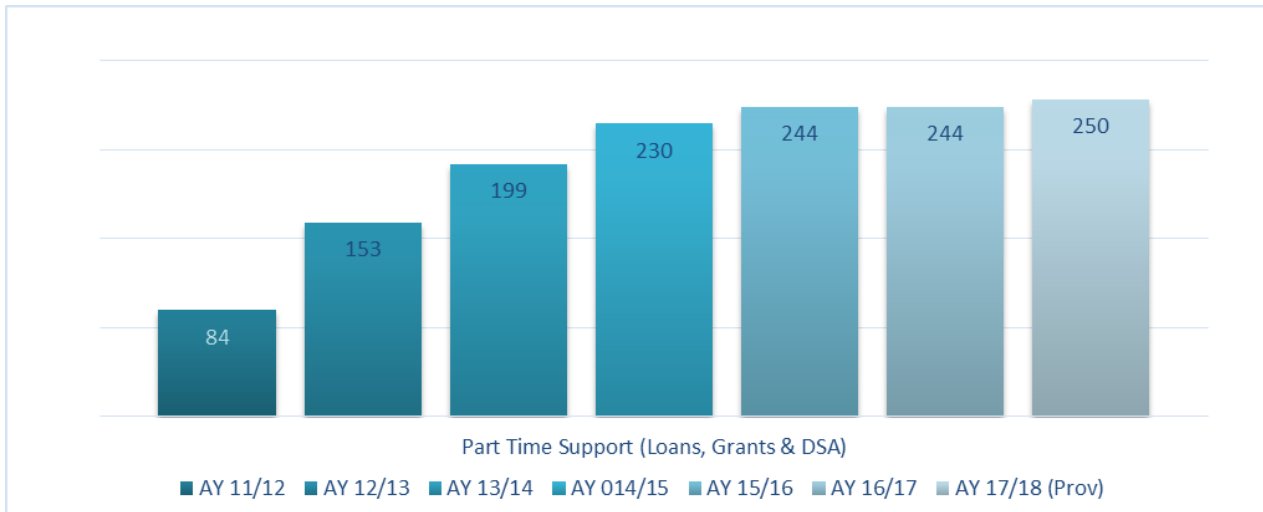


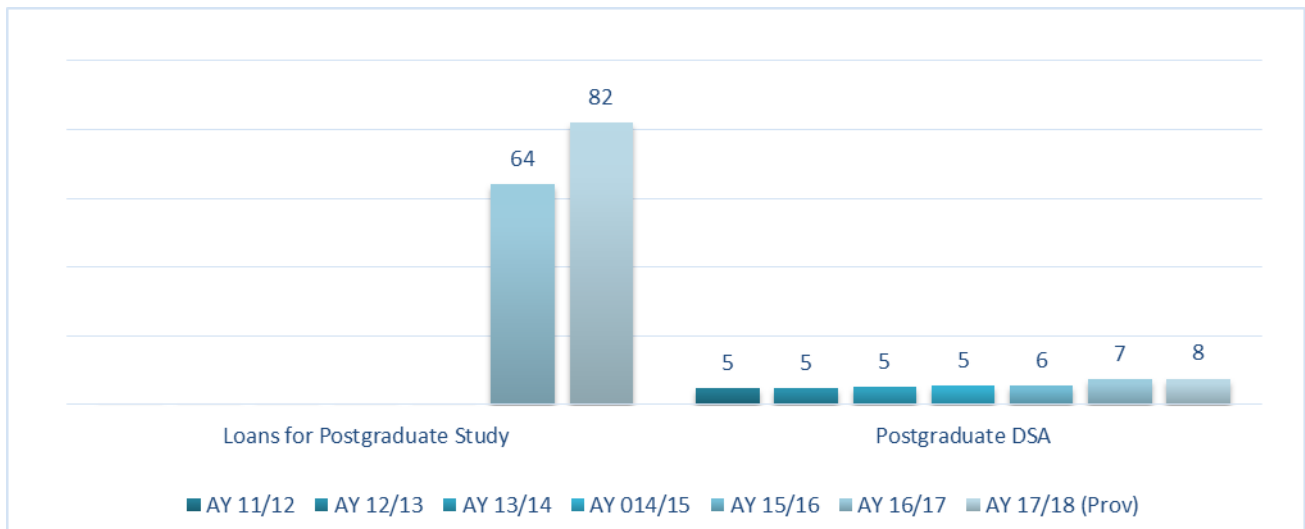
Chart 3a shows the number of awards for all successful applications for Part Time Higher Education loans and support from applicants domiciled in England. See Table 2.

Chart 3b: Part Time Undergraduate Loans, Grants & Allowances - Amount of support awarded (£m) by Academic Year



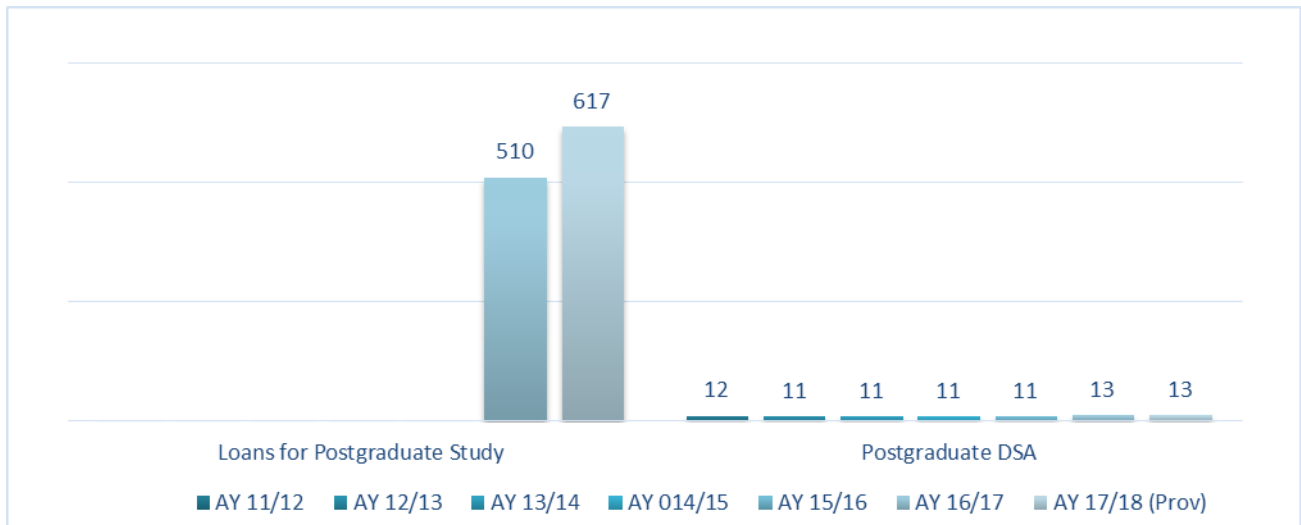
This chart highlights the increase in the amount of loans and support awarded to part time Undergraduates over the past seven academic years which is a result of the shifting of the student body from the pre 2012/13 to the post 2012/13 fee system. See Table 2.

Chart 4a: Postgraduate Loans & Allowances - Number of Awards (000's) by Academic Year



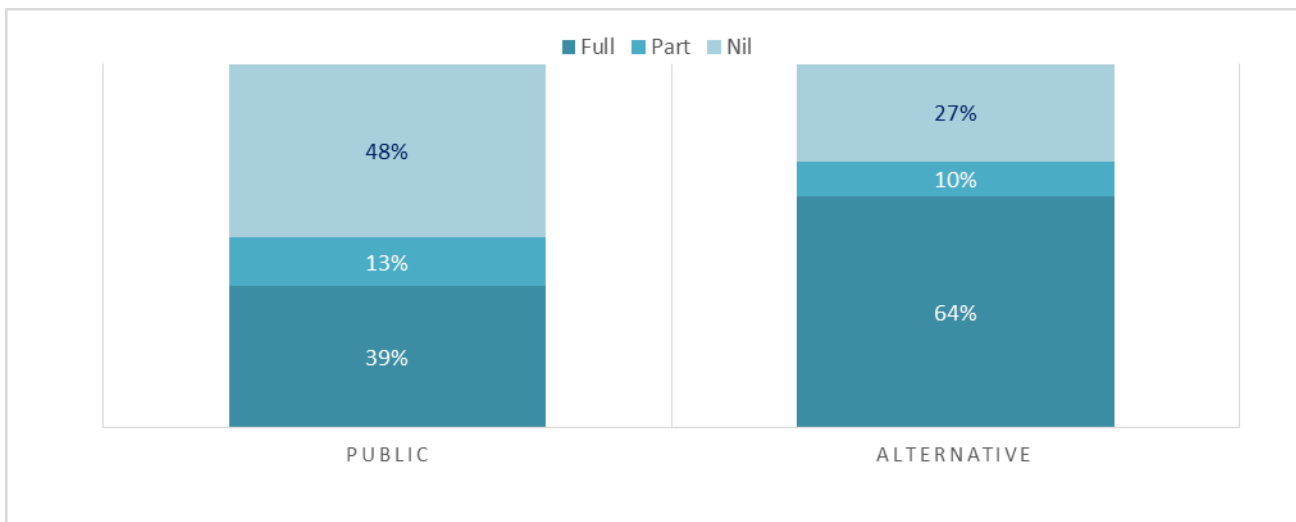
This charts shows the number of awards for all successful applications for Postgraduate loans and support from applicants domiciled in England. The Postgraduate Masters Loan was introduced in academic year 2016/17. See Table 2.

Chart 4b: Postgraduate Loans & Allowances - Amount of support awarded (£m) by Academic Year



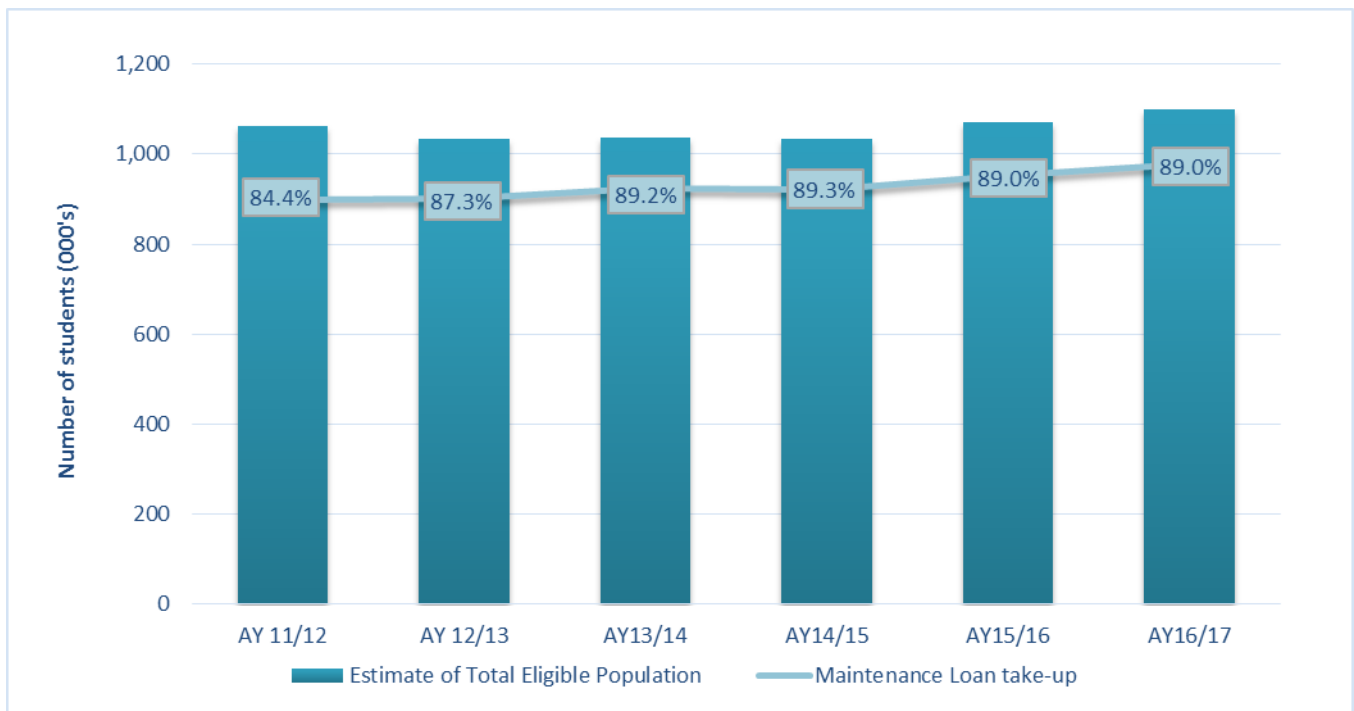
This chart highlights the increase in the amount of loans and support awarded to Postgraduates over the past seven academic years. Loans for Postgraduate study were introduced in academic year 2016/17. See Table 2 and Section 6.

Chart 5: Maintenance and Special Support Grant distribution by level of support and provider type in 2017/18 for post 2012/13 entry cohort applicants domiciled in England (provisional)



This chart shows the full, part, nil split of Maintenance and Special Support Grants for English domiciled post 2012/13 entry students in academic year 2017/18 (provisional). See Table 4(ii).

Chart 6: Maintenance loan take up (%) by estimated full time eligible population (000's) for students domiciled in England within Public Institutions



This chart shows the estimated eligible population for Maintenance Loans and the corresponding take up rate. See Table 3A(ii).

Chart 7: Tuition Fee Loans paid (£m) to Higher Education Providers for English domiciled students and EU students studying in England by provider type

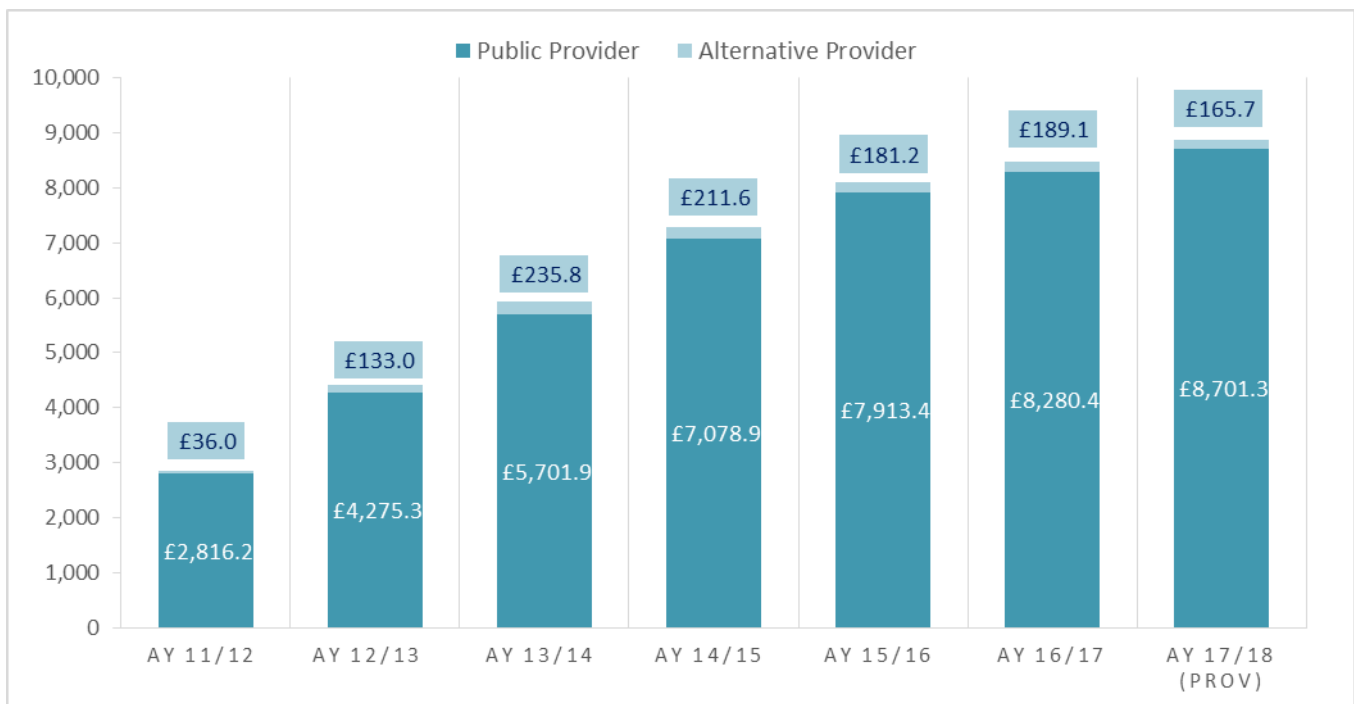
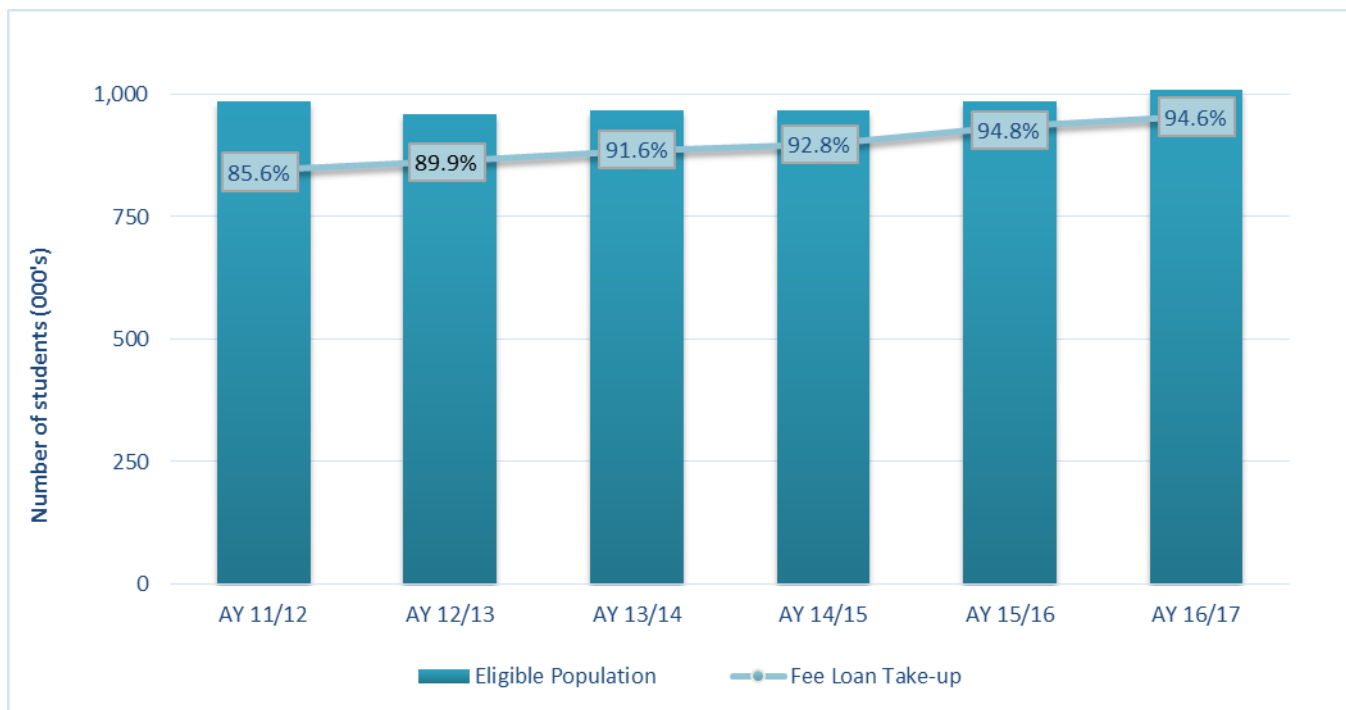


Chart 7 shows the breakdown of tuition fee payments to public and alternative providers over the last seven academic years. See Table 3B(i).

Chart 8: Tuition Fee Loan take up for English domiciled students at Public Institutions



This chart shows the estimated eligible population for Tuition Fee Loans for English domiciled students at public institutions and the associated take up rate over five academic years. See Table 3B (ii).

Chart 9: Number of English domiciled students paid Tuition Fee support at public providers by entry cohort

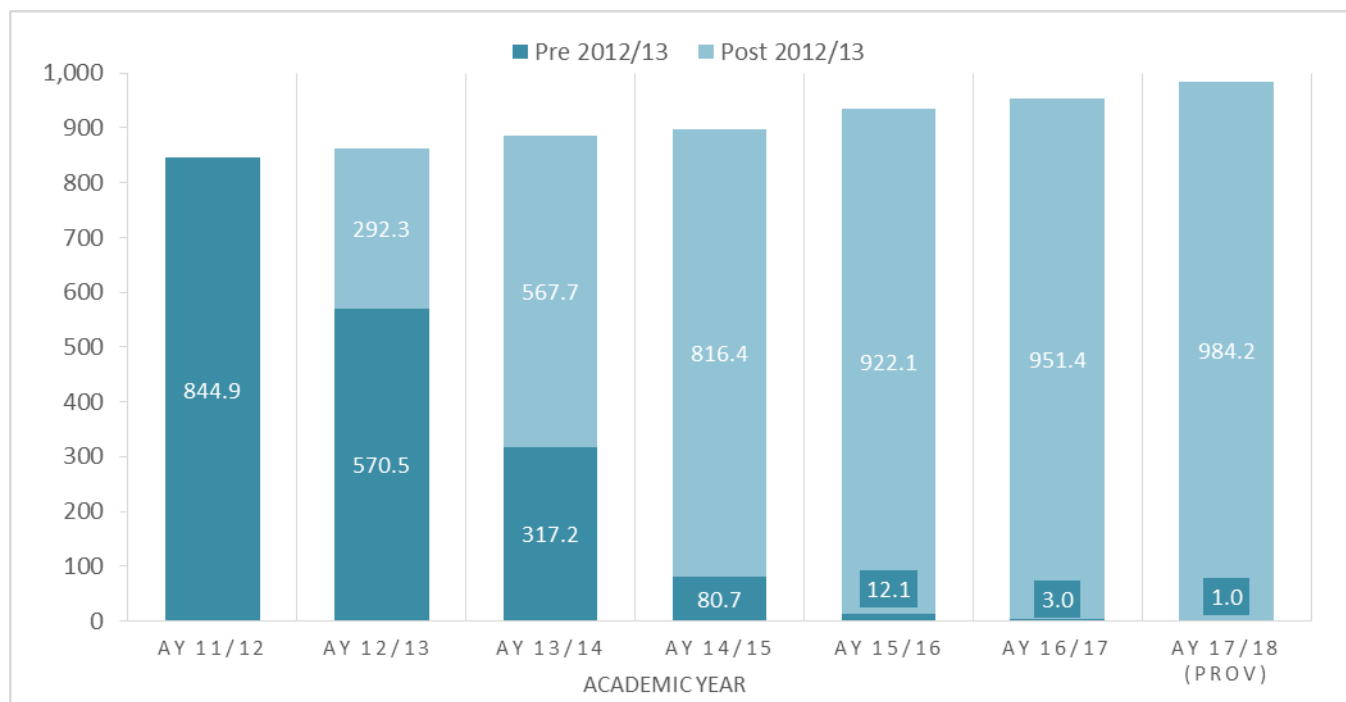


Chart 9 illustrates the shift from the old system of tuition fees (pre 2012/13 cohort) to the new system (post 2012/13 cohort) over seven academic years. See Table 3B(i) .

Chart 10: Number of Tuition Fee Loans paid to HE Providers on behalf of full time students domiciled in England according to country of study by academic year

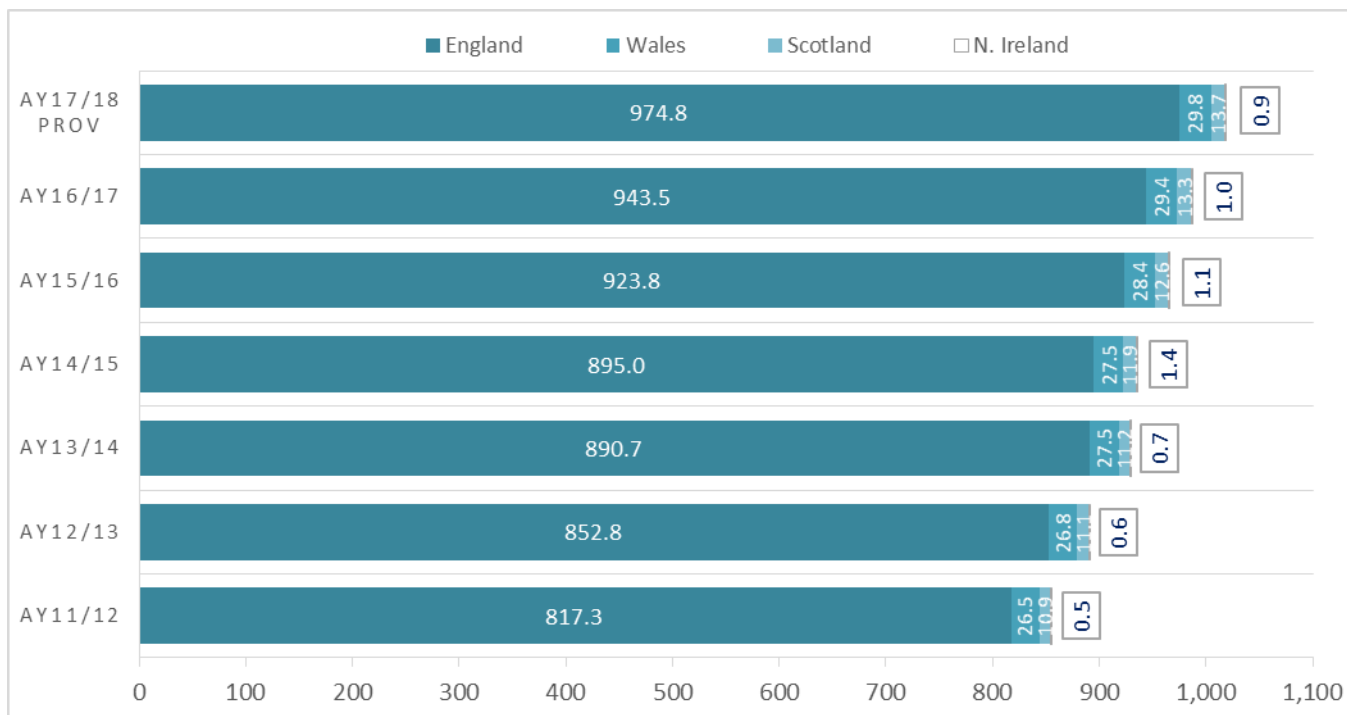
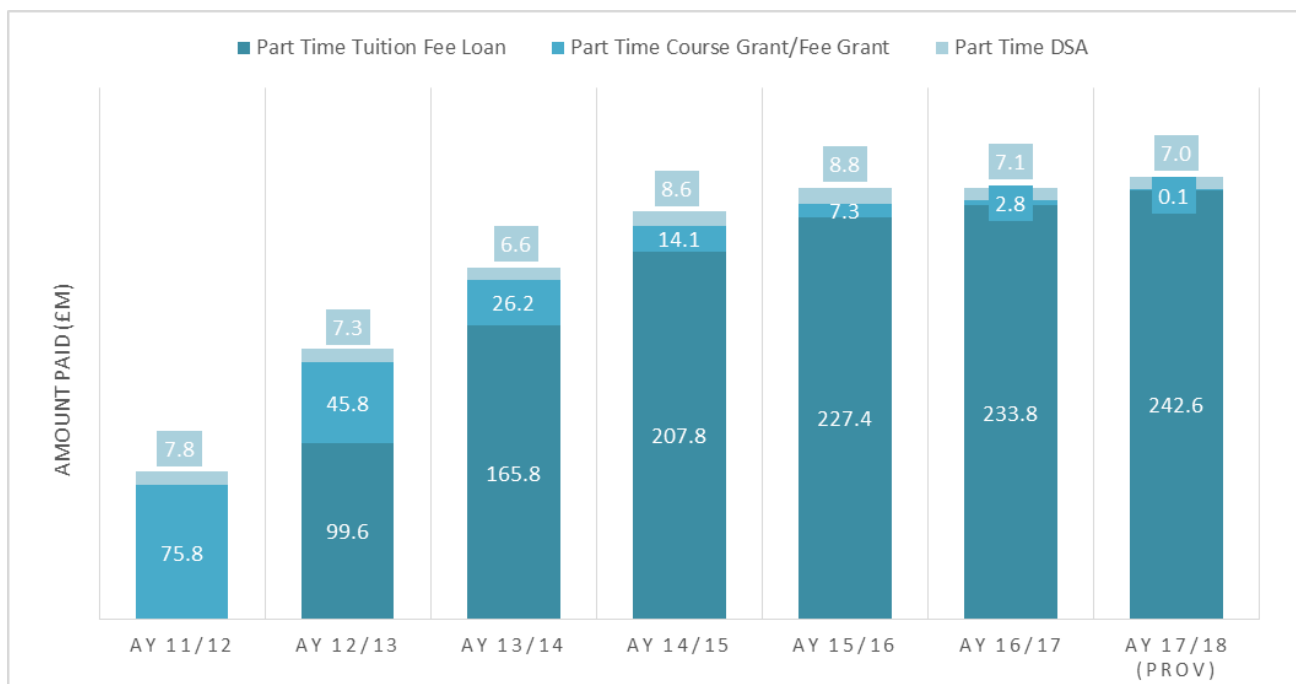


Chart 10 shows that the cross border flow for English domiciled students receiving tuition fee loans is stable year on year. See Table 3C.

Chart 11: Part Time fee support for students domiciled in England and EU domiciled students studying in England



This chart shows the substitution of part time course grants fee grants with the new part time tuition fee loan product which was introduced in AY 2012/13. See Table 5A.

Overview – measuring payments and awards

1. The main aim of this publication is to measure Payments to student support recipients funded by England over the course of each academic year. This is effectively what is provided for Maintenance Loan and Tuition Fee Loans in Tables 3A and 3B of the publication. It is not possible to split grant payments by product; for this reason the breakdowns of spending on Maintenance Grants, Disabled Students Allowance and other Targeted Support products are based on Awards. This approach is taken in Table 4 (which feeds specific rows of Table 2) of the publication.
2. Awards differ from Payments as they refer to the decision on how much will be paid if the awarded applicants are present for study for the full academic year, while Payments refer to actual amounts received by students and so can be lower if the student is not present for the full academic year or if the applicant does not attend at all or does not draw down the full awarded amount (e.g. they drop out mid-year).
3. For all new types of support an early indication of what is being awarded two months into the latest academic year, this time 2018/19, is provided in Section 7 of the tables (see [Table guide](#) on page 19). The number of Awards made will change noticeably between this point and the end of the academic year as additional students apply for student support.
4. Payments referring to the most recent Academic Year (2017/18) are provisional because the Alternative Provider subset is subject to significant movement even after this point due to later course start dates.

Data sources

5. This publication uses data from a single source: administrative data from the SLC Customer Ledger Account Servicing System (CLASS). For details of the administrative sources see the published Statement of administrative sources published on the SLC website using the following link https://www.slc.co.uk/media/5450/slc_statistics_statement_of_administrative_sources.pdf

Data quality

6. SLC has published the Quality Guidelines that it follows. As per those guidelines a Quality Plan is produced for each publication. The Quality Plan stipulates two stages of Quality Assurance. Data is extracted from the administrative systems then reviewed using a standard Quality Assurance checklist. The statistical tables created using that data are quality assured using the Statistical Quality guidelines. Further details can be found by following the link below http://www.slc.co.uk/media/5403/slc_statistics_quality_guidelines.pdf

Data uses

7. SLC has published a Uses Made document for Official statistics. Further details can be found by following the link below http://www.slc.co.uk/media/5454/slc_official_statistics_use_made.pdf

Revisions

8. Revisions within the data are denoted with an [r]. Some of these revisions are carried over from the previous year's publication and are, therefore, not revisions to this year's publication. Further details can be found by following the link below http://www.slc.co.uk/media/5449/slc_statistics_revisions_policy.pdf

Notes on policy

9. Complete information on the student finance arrangements in England can be found at: <https://www.practitioners.slc.co.uk/policy/>

THE STUDENT FINANCE SYSTEM - SUMMARY OF POLICY CHANGES

Key changes in 2018/19:

10. **Full Time Tuition Fee Loans** – No changes from 2017/18. Eligible English domiciled students and EU domiciled students (studying in England) who started full time courses on or after 1 September 2012 at public providers are subject to a maximum tuition fee of £9,250, and can borrow up to this amount in the form of a tuition fee loan.
11. **Full Time Maintenance Loans** – Maximum loans for living costs for new and continuing full time students who started their courses on or after 1 August 2018 have been increased by forecast inflation, 3.2%. The maximum loan for living costs for students living away from home and studying outside London was increased to £8,700, for students living away from home and studying in London to £11,354 and for students living at home to £7,324.
12. **Disabled Students' Allowance** – For full time undergraduate students, the Non-Medical Helper Allowance has been maintained at £21,987, the Specialist Equipment Allowance at £5,529, the allowance for other disability related expenditure at £1,847.
13. For part time undergraduate students, the Non-Medical Helper Allowance has been maintained at £16,489, the Specialist Equipment Allowance at £5,529 and the allowance for other disability related expenditure at £1,385.
14. The maximum Disabled Students Allowances (DSAs) for postgraduate courses will be increased by forecast inflation (3.2%) to £10,993 in 2018/19.
15. **Postgraduate Masters** - Maximum loans for new students starting postgraduate master's courses in 2018/19 will be increased by forecast inflation (3.2%) to £10,609 in 2018/19.
16. **Postgraduate Doctoral** - Students can borrow up to £25,000 during their postgraduate Doctoral course. The total amount they borrow will be paid evenly over the length of their course. For example, if they apply for the maximum amount of Postgraduate Doctoral Loan and study over four years, they'll get £6,250 in each year of their course. Students can apply for a Postgraduate Doctoral Loan amount in any year of their course, but they might not get the maximum loan amount if they apply after their first year.
17. **Part Time Maintenance Loan** - New part time students starting a course on or after 1 August 2018 will be eligible for a Maintenance Loan. Whilst income assessed, the loan is also adjusted by the students' intensity of study.
18. Part time education can be studied at a range of different intensities – where a student studies a certain percentage of the full time equivalent (FTE) course. The intensity of study will be based on the number of credits that the student intends to complete in a given academic year. Payments are made on a banded basis. The minimum intensity of study in an academic year for part time funding for fee loans, loans for living costs and DSAs is 25%. Students will be supported for no more than four times the length of a full time equivalent course, capped at 16-years maximum.
19. Based on 100% intensity of study, the maximum loan for living costs for part time students living away from home and studying outside London was increased to £8,700, for students living away from home and studying in London to £11,354 and for students living at home to £7,324.

Key changes in 2017/18:

20. Full-Time Tuition Fee Loans – Increased from 2016/17. Eligible English domiciled students and EU domiciled students (studying in England) who started full-time courses on or after 1 September 2012 at public providers are subject to a maximum tuition fee of £9,250, and can borrow up to this amount in the form of a tuition fee loan.
21. From 1 August 2017, most new undergraduate healthcare students on full-time courses are now eligible for tuition fee loans. These students were previously eligible to receive funding from the Department of Health, through NHS Bursaries.
22. Full-Time Maintenance Loans - From 1 August 2017, most new undergraduate healthcare students on full-time courses are now eligible for full rate maintenance loans (for living costs). These students were previously eligible for reduced rate maintenance loans, and also received funding from the Department of Health, through NHS Bursaries.
23. Part-Time Tuition Fee Loans – Increased from 2016/17. Eligible English domiciled students and EU domiciled students (studying in England) who started part-time courses on or after 1 September 2012 at public providers are subject to a maximum tuition fee of £6,935, and can borrow up to this amount in the form of a tuition fee loan.
24. For eligible new students on the lowest incomes the maximum loan for living costs for students living away from home and studying outside London has been increased to £8,430, for students living away from home and studying in London to £11,002 and for students living at home to £7,097 (an increase of 2.8% in living costs support when compared with the 2016/17 academic year).
25. Maximum loans for living costs for continuing full-time students who started their courses on or after 1 September 2012 but before 1 August 2016 have been increased by forecast inflation, The maximum loan for living costs for students living away from home and studying outside London was increased to £6,043, for students living away from home and studying in London to £8,432 and for students living at home to £4,806.
26. Disabled Students' Allowance – Maximum Disabled Students' Allowances for new and continuing full-time, part-time and postgraduate students have been increased by forecast inflation in 2017/18.
27. For full-time undergraduate students, the Non-Medical Helper Allowance has been maintained at £21,305, the Specialist Equipment Allowance at £5,358, the allowance for other disability related expenditure at £1,790.
28. For part-time undergraduate students, the Non-Medical Helper Allowance has been maintained at £15,978, the Specialist Equipment Allowance at £5,358 and the allowance for other disability related expenditure at £1,342.
29. For postgraduate students, the maximum disabled students' allowance has been maintained at £10,652.
30. Additionally, for students making their first claim for DSAs in 2016/17 or later, the following changes will apply.
31. HE providers are to take primary responsibility for less specialist non-medical support roles, with the exception of sighted guides for which DSAs will retain primary responsibility.
32. DSAs will retain primary responsibility for funding the most specialist non-medical help support, with the exception of specialist transcription services for which HE providers will take primary responsibility.
33. DSAs funding will not be available where specialist accommodation is provided by the HE provider or their agent, other than by exception, and HE providers should no longer pass any additional costs onto the student.

34. Devices for printing and scanning will continue to be funded through DSAs where there is a disability related reason, but HE providers are expected to reduce the need for individual devices through improved library services and access to printing/scanning services.
35. Standard computer peripherals and other accessories will now be funded by exception only, and where there is a disability related reason, apart from standard laptop carry cases.
36. From 1 April 2018, there will be an increase in the repayment threshold for undergraduate loans from £21,000 to £25,000. This will apply to those who have already taken out and will take out loans for tuition and living costs for full-time and part-time undergraduate courses in the post-2012 system.

Key changes in 2016/17:

37. **Other targeted support** - Grants for new and continuing full time students with dependants have been maintained at 2015/16 levels in 2016/17. The maximum Adult Dependants' Grant has been maintained at £2,834. The maximum Childcare Grant has been maintained at £159.59 per week for one child and £266 for two or more children. The maximum Parents' Learning Allowance has been maintained at £1,617.
38. **Postgraduate master's loan** – The new Postgraduate Master's Degree Loan is now available to eligible students starting master's courses, in any subject, on or after 1 August 2016. The loan scheme makes £10,000 available to students as a contribution towards the costs of their study and can be used for tuition fees and /or living costs.
39. **Full Time Tuition Fee Loans** – No changes from 2015/16. Eligible English domiciled students and EU domiciled students (studying in England) who started full time courses on or after 1 September 2012 at public providers are subject to a maximum tuition fee of £9,000, and can borrow up to this amount in the form of a tuition fee loan.
40. **Part Time Tuition Fee Loans** – No changes from 2015/16. Eligible English domiciled students and EU domiciled students (studying in England) who started part time courses on or after 1 September 2012 at public providers are subject to a maximum tuition fee of £6,750, and can borrow up to this amount in the form of a tuition fee loan.
41. **Full time loans for living costs** – For new full time students starting their courses on or after 1 August 2016, non-repayable maintenance grants have been switched to loans with eligible new full time students from the lowest income backgrounds receiving £766 additional living costs support when compared with the previous (2015/16) academic year.
42. For eligible new students on the lowest incomes the maximum loan for living costs for students living away from home and studying outside London has been increased to £8,200, for students living away from home and studying in London to £10,702 and for students living at home to £6,904 (an increase of 10.3% in living costs support when compared with the 2015/16 academic year).
43. **Maximum loans for living costs** – continuing full time students who started their courses on or after 1 September 2012 but before 1 August 2016 have been increased by forecast inflation, 2.41%. The maximum loan for living costs for students living away from home and studying outside London was increased to £5,878, for students living away from home and studying in London to £8,202 and for students living at home to £4,675.

44. **Full time maintenance grants** – The maximum Maintenance Grant/Special Support Grant for full time students who started their courses on or after 1 September 2012 but before 1 August 2016 has been maintained at 2015/16 levels in 2016/17. The maximum maintenance grant has been maintained at £3,387. The maximum Special Support Grant which is paid to certain groups of students eligible for benefits in place of maintenance grant has also been maintained at £3,387.
45. **Disabled Students' Allowance** – Maximum Disabled Students' Allowances for new and continuing full time, part time and postgraduate students have been maintained at 2015/16 levels in 2016/17.
46. **Full time undergraduate students** - The Non-Medical Helper Allowance has been maintained at £20,725, the Specialist Equipment Allowance at £5,212, the allowance for other disability related expenditure at £1,741.
47. **Part Time undergraduate students** - The Non-Medical Helper Allowance has been maintained at £15,543, the Specialist Equipment Allowance at £5,212 and the allowance for other disability related expenditure at £1,305.
48. **Postgraduate students** - The maximum disabled students' allowance has been maintained at £10,362.
49. Additionally, for students making their first claim for DSAs in 2016/17 or later, the following changes will apply
 - HE providers are to take primary responsibility for less specialist non-medical support roles, with the exception of sighted guides for which DSAs will retain primary responsibility.
 - DSAs will retain primary responsibility for funding the most specialist non-medical help support, with the exception of specialist transcription services for which HE providers will take primary responsibility.
 - DSAs funding will not be available where specialist accommodation is provided by the HE provider or their agent, other than by exception, and HE providers should no longer pass any additional costs onto the student.
 - Devices for printing and scanning will continue to be funded through DSAs where there is a disability related reason, but HE providers are expected to reduce the need for individual devices through improved library services and access to printing/scanning services.
 - Standard computer peripherals and other accessories will now be funded by exception only, and where there is a disability related reason, apart from standard laptop carry cases.
50. **Postgraduate master's loan** – The new Postgraduate Master's Degree Loan is now available to eligible students starting master's courses, in any subject, on or after 1 August 2016. The loan scheme makes £10,000 available to students as a contribution towards the costs of their study and can be used for tuition fees and /or living costs.

Related statistical publications

51. Statistics on Loans and Grants awarded to students in HE in England in academic year Student Support for Higher Education in England 2017: 2016/17 payments, 2017/18 awards SLC SFR 05/2017 was published 29 November 2017. These can be found at <https://www.slc.co.uk/media/9579/slcsfr052017.pdf>
52. Statistics on the repayment of student loans for Higher Education in England in financial year 2017-18 were published on 14 June 2018 in SLC SFR 01/2017. These can be found at <https://www.slc.co.uk/media/10022/slcsp012018.pdf>

Factors affecting time series

53. The academic years 2012/13 to 2017/18 show a stepped increase in tuition fee loan expenditure as a result of the shift in the student body from the pre 2012/13 to the post 2012/13 fee system.

Notes for users

54. The figures in this statistical publication have been compiled by the Student Loans Company Limited (SLC). All student numbers and amounts have been rounded to the nearest 100 and £100,000 unless specified otherwise. All totals and averages are calculated from un-rounded numbers.
55. Details of the amounts of loans and grants available to students are publicly available See the Guide to Student Finance section on the GOV.UK web site: <https://www.gov.uk/student-finance>

User consultations

56. Consultation exercises are conducted by SLC on the Official Statistics it produces in order to understand who uses the publications, for what purpose, and to find out how they can be made more useful in terms of content, methodology, timeliness and presentation. As part of the consultation process SLC runs surveys. See the User Consultation Survey section of the SLC website at <http://www.slc.co.uk/statistics/statistics-user-consultation.aspx>

The most recent consultation was conducted on 10th September 2018. Details can be found at <https://www.slc.co.uk/media/10148/notification-of-change-to-student-support-publications.pdf>

The most recent response to user feedback can be found at http://www.slc.co.uk/media/5452/consultation_response_nov-jan_13_v7.pdf

National statistics

57. The United Kingdom Statistics Authority has designated these statistics as National Statistics, in accordance with the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007 and signifying compliance with the Code of Practice for Official Statistics.

Designation can be broadly interpreted to mean that the statistics:

- meet identified user needs
- are well explained and readily accessible
- are produced according to sound methods
- are managed impartially and objectively in the public interest

Once statistics have been designated as National Statistics it is a statutory requirement that the Code of Practice shall continue to be observed.

Table guide

Section 1 - Student Support Available

Table 1A shows the maximum support available for maintenance in England through the Maintenance Grant and Maintenance Loans schemes for student support scheme students between academic years 2011/12 and 2017/18.

Table 1B shows the support package for new entrants in academic year 2017/18.

Chart 1 show the student support entitlements for different levels of household residual income under the student support arrangements for new students entering Higher Education in academic year 2017/18.

Section 2 - Overview of Support Awarded

Table 2 shows the overview of all the products for the student support scheme in England. It details the number of awards and the total amount of support awarded to England domiciled applicants between academic years 2010/11 and 2017/18.

Section 3: Undergraduate Full Time Higher Education – Loans

Tables 3A (i) and (ii) show the number of students paid a Maintenance Loan, the amount borrowed and the average loan value by student support scheme for students domiciled in England between academic years 2010/11 and 2017/18. The tables also include estimates of the take-up rate of Maintenance Loans between academic years 2010/11 and 2016/17.

Tables 3B (i) and (ii) show the number of Tuition Fee Loans taken out, the amount borrowed and the average loan value by student support scheme for all students domiciled in England and for EU (outside UK) students attending HE courses in England. The tables also include estimates of the take-up rate of Tuition Fee Loans between academic years 2010/11 and 2016/17.

Tables 3C shows the number of Tuition Fee Loans taken out, the amount borrowed and the average loan value for the student support scheme for all students domiciled in England broken down by the country of the HE Provider attended.

Table 3D shows the number of students paid Maintenance Loans and Tuition Fee Loans combined, the amount borrowed and the average loan value by student support scheme for students domiciled in England between academic years 2010/11 and 2017/18.

Section 4 - Undergraduate Full Time Higher Education - Grants & Allowances

Tables 4A (i) and (ii) show the distribution of Maintenance Grants for England domiciled students by entry cohorts.

Tables 4B shows the summary of Disabled Students Allowances (DSA) expenditure authorised for payment to full time undergraduate England domiciled students between academic years 2010/11 and 2017/18.

Table 4C shows the summary of Other Targeted Support awards to England domiciled applicants between academic years 2010/11 and 2017/18.

Section 5 - Undergraduate Part Time Higher Education - Loans & Other Support

Table 5A shows the support given to part time students domiciled in England and EU (outside UK) students studying in England between academic years 2010/11 and 2017/18.

Section 6 - Postgraduate - Loans & Other Support

Table 6A shows the number of Post Graduate Loans taken out, the amount borrowed and the average loan value by provider type for all Post Graduate students domiciled in England and EU (Outside UK) for academic years 2016/17 to 2017/18.

Table 6B shows the DSA support to Postgraduate students between academic years 2010/11 and 2017/18.

Section 7 - Early In Year Data - Student Counts & New Policy

Table 7A shows the maximum support available for maintenance in England through the Maintenance Grant and Maintenance Loans schemes for student support scheme students between academic years 2016/17 and compares it to 2018/19.

Table 7B shows the support package for new entrants in academic year 2018/19.

Table 7C shows the overview of all the products for the student support scheme in England. It details the number of awards and the total amount of support awarded to England domiciled applicants between academic years 2010/11 and 2018/19 at an end-October effective date.

Table 7D shows the end-October number of Postgraduate Masters Loan students paid, the amount requested for the year and the amount paid so far by year of loan for Post Graduate Masters students domiciled in England and EU (Outside UK) between academic years 2016/17 and 2018/19.

Table 7E shows the early indicative (end-October position) of number of new Postgraduate Doctoral Loan students paid, the amount requested for the year and the amount paid so far by year of loan for Post Graduate Masters students domiciled in England and EU (Outside UK) for academic year 2018/19.

Table 7F shows the early indicative (end-October position) of numbers of new Part Time Maintenance Loan students paid, the amount paid, and average amount paid for students domiciled in England and EU (Outside UK) for academic year 2018/19.